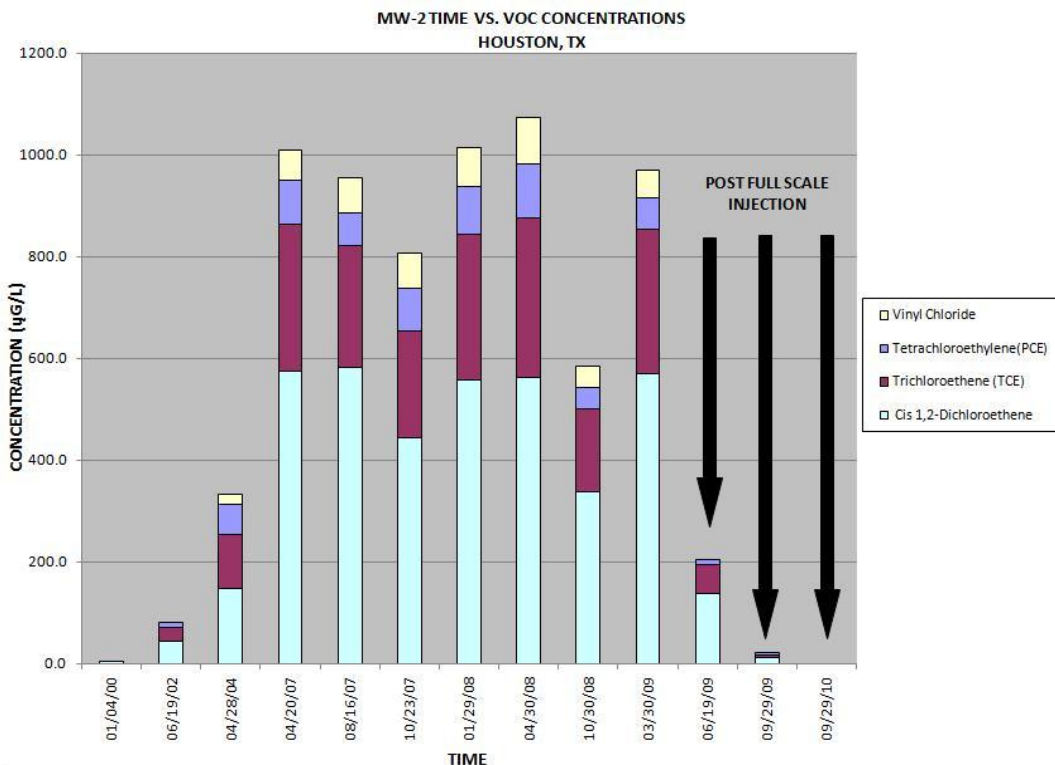


The referenced remediation project was an active dry cleaner facility located in Houston, Texas. Depth to water at the site ranged from 20 to 28 feet below ground surface (bgs). Lithology consisted of tight clays to approximately 20 feet bgs and sandy-silts were observed in the intermediate zone above the water table.

Tetrachloroethylene (PCE) and daughter compounds were highest at key monitoring well MW-2 (576 ppb- cis-1,2-DCE). In January 2009, Exo Tech performed an In-Situ Chemical Oxidation (ISCO) event that consisted of injecting a total of 14,864 pounds of activated sodium persulfate (Klozur®) into a total of 80 PVC injection wells. Chelated iron was used as the activator for the sodium persulfate.

In July 2009, Exo Tech performed a follow-up ISCO event injecting a total of 16,317 pounds of activated persulfate into 98 PVC wells. Results from the September 2009 groundwater sampling event indicated that the chlorinated solvents' mass concentrations of concern were degraded by 90% in the dissolved-phase plume.

In January 2010, Exo Tech performed a limited area injection focused around three key monitoring wells. Approximately 11,460 pounds of activated persulfate was injected into 52 wells and results indicated an additional reduction in chlorinated solvents to target levels. A No Further Action letter is currently pending.



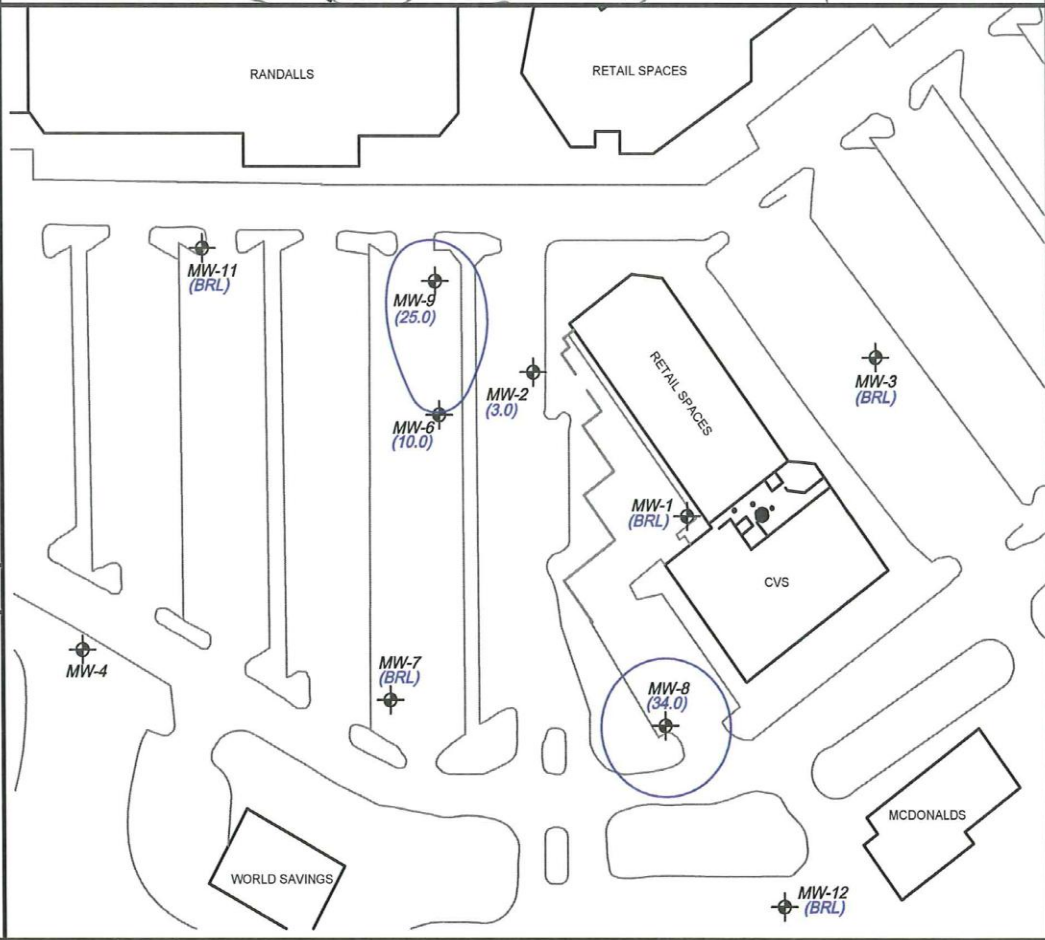
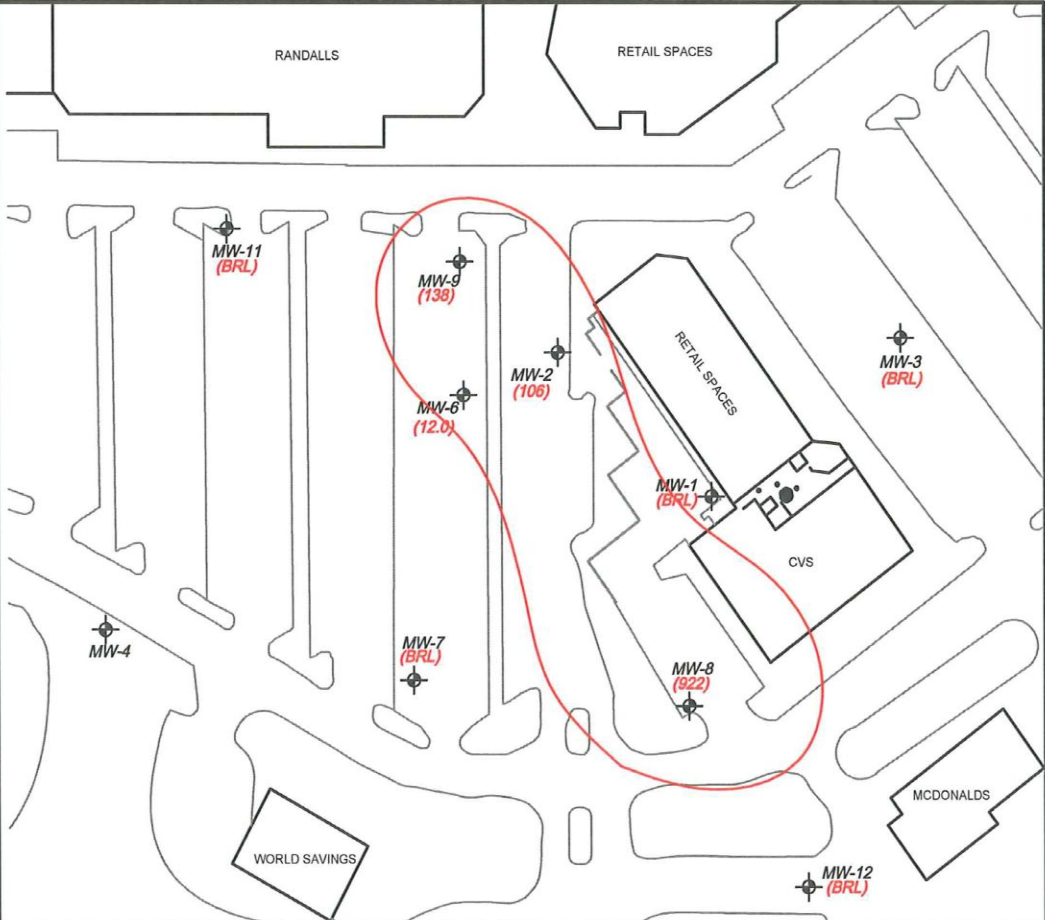
ISCO Injection of Klozur®



Active Dry Cleaning Site

LEGEND

- PRE-INJECTION CONTOUR
- POST-INJECTION CONTOUR
- (800) PRE-INJECTION PCE RESULTS IN ug/L
- (582) POST-INJECTION PCE RESULTS IN ug/L



SITE INFORMATION

Contaminates of Concerns

- Tetrachloroethene
- Trichloroethene
- Methylene Chloride
- Vinyl Chloride
- cis 1,2 Dichloroethene

Plume Size

- Pre 1.2 acre / 55,000 ft²
- Post 0.2 acre/ 12,200 ft²